## www.a2zpapers.com

# Exam. Code : 103206 <br> Subject Code: 1222 

## B.A./B.Sc. Semester-VI <br> MATHEMATICS (Dynamics)

## Paper-I

Time Allowed- ${ }^{2}$ Hours]
[Maximum Marks- 50
Note :-Attempt FNF questions in all by selecting at least TWO questions frem each Section. All questions carry equal matı's.

## SECTION:-A

1. Define and discuss the SHM oía $p$ article moving in a straight line.
2. A particle of unit mass begins to move rivin a distance ' $a$ ' towards a fixed centre which repels accordi.gg to the law $\mu \mathrm{x}$. If its initial velocity is $\sqrt{\mu \mathrm{a}}$, show that $i_{\mathrm{t}}$ will continuously approach the fixed centre, but will never reach it.
3. A mass of 7 gm draws up a mass of 5 gm connected to it by a string passing over a smooth pulley. At the end of the first second, the string is cut. Find the velocity of the mass 7 gm at the end of the next second.

## www.a2zpapers.com

4. A particle is dropped from the top of a tower $h$ meter high and at the same time another particle is projected upwards from the bottom. They meet when upper one has described $\frac{1}{\mathrm{n}}$ th of the distance. Show that their speeds r.v.n they meet are in the ratio $2:(n-2)$ and the initial speed of the lower is $\sqrt{\frac{1}{2} n g h}$.
5. Discuss the rectiiinear motion of a particle when its acceleration is expressed as function of :
(i) Time
(ii) Distance.

## SECTION-L

6. The equation $\ddot{\mathrm{x}}+\mu \mathrm{x}+2 \mathrm{k} \dot{\mathrm{x}}=0$ reprivents damped harmonic oscillations of a particle moving in a straight line. Find the solution of this equation and $1 n^{\text {nt }}$ erpret your result.
7. Define a conical pendulum. Show that the vertical dupth. of the particle in a conical pendulum, below the fixed point varies inversely as the square of the angular velocity and is independent of the length of the string.

## www.a2zpapers.com

8. Define conservative system of forces. When a particle undergoes displacement under the action of a conservative system of coplanar forces, prove that the sum of K.E. and P.E. remains constant.
9. A seconds pendulum which gains 10 seconds per day at ine place, loses 10 seconds per day at another. Compare the acceleration due to gravity at the two places.
10. A particle of unit mass is projected with velocity $v$ and inclination $\alpha \vdots$ the horizontal in a medium whose resistance is $\mathrm{k} \times$ velocit. $^{\text {. Show that if } \mathrm{k} \text { is small, the equation of the }}$ path is approx inatatly.

$$
\mathrm{y}=\mathrm{x} \tan \alpha-\frac{g \mathrm{x}^{2}}{-v^{2} \cos \alpha}-\frac{\mathrm{kgx}^{3}}{3 v^{3} \cos ^{3} \alpha}
$$

